Appendix A: Finance Update as at end September 2022

| Period 6 | Full Year Revised Budget £'000 | Period Budget £'000 | Period Actual £'000 | Period Variance £'000 | Variance Percent % | Forecast £'000 | Full Year Variance £'000 | Арр В |
|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| Mainstream: | | | | | | | | |
| Community Health Services | 37,461 | 18,741 | 18,885 | 144 | 0.8% | 37,948 | 487 | а |
| Aberdeen City share of Hosted Services (health) | 28,437 | 14,125 | 13,836 | (289) | (2.0)% | 27,957 | (480) | b |
| Learning Disabilities | 37,905 | 18,952 | 19,546 | 594 | 3.1% | 37,599 | (306) | С |
| Mental Health and Addictions | 24,046 | 12,023 | 12,044 | 21 | 0.2% | 24,155 | 109 | d |
| Older People & Physical and Sensory Disabilities | 100,711 | 50,356 | 50,451 | 95 | 0.2% | 100,475 | (236) | e |
| Directorate | 1,623 | 812 | 935 | 123 | 15.1% | 1,720 | 97 | f |
| Criminal Justice | 153 | 77 | 80 | 3 | 3.9% | 162 | 9 | |
| Housing | 1,848 | 924 | 924 | 0 | - | 1,848 | - | |
| Primary Care Prescribing | 39,992 | 19,806 | 20,978 | 1,172 | 5.9% | 41,165 | 1,173 | g |
| Primary Care | 42,382 | 21,243 | 19,629 | (1,614) | (7.6)% | 41,072 | (1,310) | h |
| Out of Area Treatments | 2,000 | 1,053 | 1,100 | 47 | 4.5% | 2,457 | 457 | i |
| Set Aside Budget | 47,802 | 23,901 | 23,901 | 0 | - | 47,802 | - | |
| Direct COVID Costs | 10,057 | 4,868 | 4,868 | 0 | - | 10,057 | - | j |
| Transforming Health and Wellbeing | 2,570 | 1,279 | 1,304 | 25 | 2.0% | 2,570 | - | k |
| | 376,987 | 188,160 | 188,481 | 321 | 0.2% | 376,987 | - | |
| Funds: | | | | | | | - | |
| Integration and Change | 142 | 88 | 88 | 0 | - | 142 | - | |
| Uplift Funding | 6,195 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 6,195 | - | |
| Winter Funding | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | , |
| Primary Care Improvement Fund | 306 | 156 | 156 | 0 | - | 306 | - | , |
| Action 15 Mental Health | 0 | 206 | 206 | 0 | - | 0 | - | |
| Alcohol Drugs Partnership | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 | - | 0 | - | |
| | 6,643 | 500 | 500 | 0 | - | 6,643 | - | |
| | 383,630 | 188,660 | 188,981 | 321 | 0.2% | 383,630 | _ | |

Appendix B: An analysis of the variances on the mainstream budget is detailed below:

a Community Health Services (Forecast Position - £487,000 overspend)

Major Variances:

1,033,000 Across non-pay budgets (276,000) Over receipt on income (270,000) Staff Costs

Staffing costs projected underspend due to recruitment to vacancies particularly in Nursing and AHPs.

b Hosted Services (Forecast Position £480,000 underspend)

The Hosted Services position is now reporting an underspend mainly due to the allocation of cost pressure funding from the Integrated Joint Board.

All services are reporting an underspend excluding GMED which still has a significant overspend despite additional funding.

Intermediate Care: Has an underspent position in city due to allocation of additional funding. The Grampian Wide service has an underspend position due to reduction on medical supplies spend and no longer accruing for an invoice, along with a reduction in locums usage.

Grampian Medical Emergency Department (GMED): Currently overspent despite additional IJB funding. Relates mainly to pay costs and the move to provide a safer more reliable service which has been a greater uptake of shifts across the service. Non-pay overspend due to repair costs not covered by insurance, increased costs on software and hardware support costs, increased usage of medical surgical supplies and an increase in drug costs.

Hosted services are led by one IJB, however, the costs are split according to the projected usage of the service across the three IJBs. Decisions required to bring this budget back into balance may need to be discussed with the three IJBs, due to the impact on service delivery.

c Learning Disabilities (Forecast Position - £306,000 underspend)

Council: £1,567,000 underspent on commissioned services. Offset by £718,000 overspend on direct payments, £180,000 on staff (as 5% pay award now expected) and £287,000 underrecovery of client income.

NHS: A pressure has arisen due to a high cost care package estimated at £230,000, partially offset by underspends of £154,000 on staffing due to vacancies

Mental Health & Addictions (Forecast Position - £109,000 overspend)

£150,000 overspent on staffing mostly due to 5% pay award, partily offset by various savings, including commmissioned services

e Older People & Physical and Sensory Disabilities (Position £236,000 underspend)

£484,000 underspent on staff costs due to vacancies. Offset by £248,000 underrecovery of client income.

f Directorate (Position - £97,000 overspend)

Various small overspends, including £34,000 on grants to vountary organisations, £17,000 on carers support and sheltered housing support income underrecovered by £46,000.

Appendix B: An analysis of the variances on the mainstream budget is detailed below:

Primary Care Prescribing (Forecast Position – £1,173,000 overspent)

Agreement has been reached between the Scottish Government and Community Pharmacy Scotland for 22/23 and a tariff price reduction has been implemented from April 2022. This resulted in a reduced actual average price per item of £10.62 in April which increased to £10.67 in May. Part of the agreement with Community Pharmacy Scotland includes a transfer to Pharmacy Global Sum from prescribing which will be achieved by a reverse allocation yet to be actioned. This is as similar arrangement to prior years.

The estimated position to M5 included a 3-month accrual for June July and August due to problems at a national level with data loading and verification within PSD. Actual data has now been received for June and July. The actual data indicates item price increased significantly in June and increased again in July to £10.99 /item from £10.67/item in May. The price increase has been attributed to the impact of short supply causing a spike in prices. This is spread across a range of products and is being analysed to identify any mitigation measures. This has also impacted on tariff reduction achievement, and this is also being reassessed by the Scottish Government. A price of £10.83 has been used for the September estimate in anticipation of some mitigation and recovery in price.

h Primary Care Services (Forecast Position - £1,310,000 underspend)

The GP contract for 22/23 uplift is still to be determined and is not included in the above noted position. A break-even position has been assumed to M6 for this element.

The main overspend on enhanced services remains consistent as services are still protected in part. From July Enhanced Services resumed with 75% protection for those with lower recorded activity for July and being phased out thereafter. The activity being recorded and submitted is still lower than expected and practices have been reminded to complete recording as future earnings will be dependent upon this as protection ceases.

Premises remain favourable mainly in Aberdeen City and Aberdeenshire where one-off benefits from prior year rates refunds received in 22/23 alongside reduced business rates & water charges for 22/23 which will be recurring.

Other smaller minor underspending areas, including Training Grant contribute to the overall underspend.

The underspend on Board administered funds including Seniority payments and locum payments has increased slightly but remains broadly consistent with expectation.

Out of Area Treatments (Forecast Position - £457,000 overspend)

The current forecast position for the year is an overspend of £457,000 (slight reduction from 21/22 overspend of £494,000)

The makeup of the change is:-

Reductions in spend

Impact of discharges during 21/22 (145,000)
Impact of move within a placement (43,000)
Expected reduction in additional nursing (113,000)
Increases in spend

Full year effect 21/22 placement 147,000
Estimated pay and prices 117,000
Net change in spend and in overspend (37,000)

Appendix B: An analysis of the variances on the mainstream budget is detailed below:

j COVID -19 Costs (Forecast Position - balanced).

Direct Costs to be funded from Covid Reserve:-

Staff overtime and additional hours 328,000
Care Homes Sustainability 9,493,000
PPE Partnership 212,000
Chief Social Work Officer 24,000
10,057,000

k Transforming Health and Wellbeing (Forecast Position - balanced).

Council: £125,000 overspent on staffing as new team members have been recruited.

NHS: Underspends on pay due to vacancies, held to match the Council's position to give an overall breakeven forecast

Funds (Forecast Position - balanced)

Income will match expenditure at the end of the financial year.

Appendix C: Mobilisation Plan Costings

| | Forecast 2022/23 £'000 |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Direct Costs Agreed Locally | |
| Staff overtime and additional hours | 328 Required to support residential settings and for weekend working. Also agency staff taken on to process sustainability claims. |
| Care Homes Sustainability | 9,493 Support to care homes financially due to a reduction in number of residents. |
| PPE Partnership | 212 Additional cost to social care and partnership. |
| Chief Social Work Officer | 24 As per agreement |
| | 10,057 |
| PPE Partnership | residents. 212 Additional cost to social care and partnership. 24 As per agreement |

Appendix D: Progress in implementation of savings – September 2022

| Programme for Transformation: | Agreed Target £'000 | Status | Forecast £'000 |
|---|------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Prescribing | (350) | Description - To seek alternatives to medicines (social prescribing), ensuring our prescribing processes and management of patients using medicines is as efficient as it can be and also stopping the prescription of drugs where there is evidence of little clinical value Status - The budget is regularly reviewed and the saving is expected to materialise. | (350) |
| Whole system and connected remobilisation | (825) | Description - undertake a strategic review of the data, demographic and demand picture to understand the "bed base" for unscheduled care. Status - The budget is regularly reviewed and the saving is expected to materialise. | (825) |
| | (1,175) | | (1,175) |

Appendix E: Budget Reconciliation

| | NHSG £ | ACC £ | IJB £ |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| ACC per full council: | 0 | 118,486,677 | |
| NHS per letter from Director of Finance: Budget NHS per letter | 243,488,986 | 0 | |
| | 243,488,986 | 118,486,677 | |
| Reserves Drawdown | | | |
| Quarter 1 | 14,410,228 | | |
| Quarter 2 | 7,245,194 | | |
| Quarter 3 | | | |
| Quarter 4 | | | |
| | 265,144,408 | 118,486,677 | 383,631,085 |

Appendix F: Budget Virements (balancing)

| Health 1-3 | | £ |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| WOUND CARE MANAGEMENT PRODUCT | CITY H&SCP CORE | 60,000 |
| WOUND CARE MANAGEMENT PRODUCT | PRESCRIBING CITY | (60,000) |
| NUNUSED BUDGET | CITY COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALT | 2,018 |
| NUNUSED BUDGET | CITY H&SCP CORE | 13,800 |
| NUNUSED BUDGET | CITY LEARNING DISABILITIES | (3) |
| NUNUSED BUDGET | RING FENCED FUNDING | 7 |
| NUNUSED BUDGET | UNUSED COST CENTRES | (15,822) |
| RECODE N35054 | CITY H&SCP CORE | 234,318 |
| RECODE N35054 | UNUSED COST CENTRES | (234,318) |
| WARD 16 SAVINGS ALLOCATION | CITY COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALT | 653,193 |
| WARD 16 SAVINGS ALLOCATION | CITY HOSTED SERVICES | 98,734 |
| WARD 16 SAVINGS ALLOCATION | CITY H&SCP CORE | (751,927) |
| MEDICAL PAY UPLIFT | CITY COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALT | 109,422 |
| MEDICAL PAY UPLIFT | CITY H&SCP CORE | 91,255 |
| MEDICAL PAY UPLIFT | UPLIFT ADJUSTMENTS | (200,677) |
| | | |
| Total Virements | | - |

| Social Care 4-6 | | £ |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|
| IJB budget v2 - move Scottish Care grant to Directorate | Directorate | 119,506 |
| IJB budget v2 - move Scottish Care grant to Directorate | Strategy & Transformation | (119,506) |
| IJB budget v3 - adjust covid budgets to match FPR | Directorate | 3,176,000 |
| IJB budget v3 - adjust covid budgets to match FPR | Learning Disabilities | 50,000 |
| IJB budget v3 - adjust covid budgets to match FPR | Mental Health/Substance Misuse | (70,000) |
| IJB budget v3 - adjust covid budgets to match FPR | Resource Transfer | (3,156,000) |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Total Virements | | - |

Appendix G: Summary of risks and mitigating action

| | Risks | Mitigating Actions |
|---|--|--|
| Community Health Services | The current financial position is dependent on vacancy levels. | Monitor levels of staffing in post compared to full budget establishment. A vacancy management process has been created which will highlight recurring staffing issues to senior staff. |
| Hosted Services | There is the potential of increased activity in the activity-led Forensic Service. | Work is being undertaken at a senior level to consider future service provision and how the costs of this can be minimised. |
| | There is the risk of high levels of use of expensive locums for intermediate care, which can put pressure on hosted service budgets. | The movement of staff from elsewhere in the organisation may help to reduce locum services. |
| Learning Disabilities | There is a risk of fluctuations in the learning disabilities budget because of: Staff vacancy levels Expensive support packages Increase in provider rates | Monitor levels of staffing in post compared to full budget establishment. Review packages to consider whether they are still meeting the needs of the clients. All learning disability packages are going for peer review at the fortnightly resource allocation panel. |
| Mental Health and Addictions | Increase in activity in needs led service. Potential complex needs packages being discharged from hospital. Increase in consultant vacancies resulting in inability to recruit which would increase the locum usage. Average consultant costs £12,000 per month average locum £30,000 per month. | Work has been undertaken to review levels through using CareFirst. Review potential delayed discharge complex needs and develop tailored services. A group has been established in the city to look at supplementary staffing on a regular basis. |
| Older people services incl. physical disability | There is a risk that staffing levels change which would have an impact on the current financial position. There is the risk of an increase in activity in needs led service, which would also impact the financial position. | Monitor levels of staffing in post compared to full budget establishment. Regular review packages to consider whether they are still meeting the needs of the clients. |
| Prescribing | There is a risk of increased prescribing costs as this budget is impacted by volume and price factors, such as the increase in drug prices due to short supply. As both of which are forecast on basis of available date and evidence at start of each year by the Grampian Medicines Management Group | Monitoring of price and volume variances from forecast. Review of prescribing patterns across General Practices and follow up on outliers. Implementation of support tools – Scriptswitch, Scottish Therapeutic Utility. Poly pharmacy and repeat prescription reviews to reduce wastage and monitor patient outcomes. |
| Out of Area Treatments | There is a risk of an increase in number of Aberdeen City patients requiring complex care from providers located out with the Grampian Area, which would impact this budget. | Groups to be re-established reviewing placements and considering if these patients can be cared for in a community setting. |